

# BOTTOM, STRANGE MESONS ( $B = \pm 1$ , $S = \mp 1$ )

$$B_s^0 = s\bar{b}, \bar{B}_s^0 = \bar{s}b, \text{ similarly for } B_s^* \text{'s}$$

**$B_s^0$**

$$I(J^P) = 0(0^-)$$

$I$ ,  $J$ ,  $P$  need confirmation. Quantum numbers shown are quark-model predictions.

Mass  $m_{B_s^0} = 5366.77 \pm 0.24$  MeV

$m_{B_s^0} - m_B = 87.35 \pm 0.23$  MeV

Mean life  $\tau = (1.512 \pm 0.007) \times 10^{-12}$  s

$$c\tau = 453.3 \mu\text{m}$$

$$\Delta\Gamma_{B_s^0} = \Gamma_{B_{sL}^0} - \Gamma_{B_{sH}^0} = (0.091 \pm 0.008) \times 10^{12} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

## $B_s^0$ - $\bar{B}_s^0$ mixing parameters

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta m_{B_s^0} &= m_{B_{sH}^0} - m_{B_{sL}^0} = (17.761 \pm 0.022) \times 10^{12} \hbar \text{ s}^{-1} \\ &= (1.1691 \pm 0.0014) \times 10^{-8} \text{ MeV} \end{aligned}$$

$$x_s = \Delta m_{B_s^0} / \Gamma_{B_s^0} = 26.85 \pm 0.13$$

$$\chi_s = 0.499311 \pm 0.000007$$

## CP violation parameters in $B_s^0$

$$\text{Re}(\epsilon_{B_s^0}) / (1 + |\epsilon_{B_s^0}|^2) = (-1.9 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$C_{KK}(B_s^0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-) = 0.14 \pm 0.11$$

$$S_{KK}(B_s^0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-) = 0.30 \pm 0.13$$

$$CP \text{ Violation phase } \beta_s = (0.0 \pm 3.5) \times 10^{-2}$$

$$A_{CP}(B_s \rightarrow \pi^+ K^-) = 0.28 \pm 0.04$$

$$A_{CP}(B_s^0 \rightarrow [K^+ K^-]_D \bar{K}^*(892)^0) = 0.04 \pm 0.16$$

These branching fractions all scale with  $B(\bar{B} \rightarrow B_s^0)$ .

The branching fraction  $B(B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^- \ell^+ \nu_\ell \text{anything})$  is not a pure measurement since the measured product branching fraction  $B(\bar{B} \rightarrow B_s^0) \times B(B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^- \ell^+ \nu_\ell \text{anything})$  was used to determine  $B(\bar{B} \rightarrow B_s^0)$ , as described in the note on “ $B^0$ - $\bar{B}^0$  Mixing”

For inclusive branching fractions, e.g.,  $B \rightarrow D^\pm \text{anything}$ , the values usually are multiplicities, not branching fractions. They can be greater than one.

$B_s^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Scale factor/ Confidence level	$p$ (MeV/c)
$D_s^- \text{anything}$	(93 ± 25) %	—	—
$\ell \nu_\ell X$	(10.5 ± 0.8) %	—	—
$D_s^- \ell^+ \nu_\ell \text{anything}$	[a] ( 7.9 ± 2.4 ) %	—	—
$D_{s1}(2536)^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu,$ $D_{s1}^- \rightarrow D^{*-} K_S^0$	( 2.5 ± 0.7 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	—	—
$D_{s1}(2536)^- X \mu^+ \nu,$ $D_{s1}^- \rightarrow \overline{D}^0 K^+$	( 4.3 ± 1.7 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	—	—
$D_{s2}(2573)^- X \mu^+ \nu,$ $D_{s2}^- \rightarrow \overline{D}^0 K^+$	( 2.6 ± 1.2 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	—	—
$D_s^- \pi^+$	( 3.04 ± 0.23 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	2320	—
$D_s^- \rho^+$	( 7.0 ± 1.5 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	2249	—
$D_s^- \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	( 6.3 ± 1.1 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	2301	—
$D_{s1}(2536)^- \pi^+,$ $D_{s1}^- \rightarrow D_s^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	( 2.5 ± 0.8 ) × 10 <sup>-5</sup>	—	—
$D_s^\mp K^\pm$	( 2.03 ± 0.28 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	S=1.3	2293
$D_s^- K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	( 3.3 ± 0.7 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	2249	—
$D_s^+ D_s^-$	( 4.4 ± 0.5 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	1824	—
$D_s^- D^+$	( 3.6 ± 0.8 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	1875	—
$D^+ D^-$	( 2.2 ± 0.6 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	1925	—
$D^0 \overline{D}^0$	( 1.9 ± 0.5 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	1929	—
$D_s^{*-} \pi^+$	( 2.0 ± 0.5 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	2265	—
$D_s^{*-} \rho^+$	( 9.7 ± 2.2 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	2191	—
$D_s^{*+} D_s^- + D_s^{*-} D_s^+$	( 1.28 ± 0.23 ) %	S=1.2	1742
$D_s^{*+} D_s^{*-}$	( 1.85 ± 0.30 ) %	1655	—
$D_s^{(*)+} D_s^{(*)-}$	( 4.5 ± 1.4 ) %	—	—
$\overline{D}^0 K^- \pi^+$	( 9.9 ± 1.5 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	2312	—
$\overline{D}^0 \overline{K}^*(892)^0$	( 3.5 ± 0.6 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	2264	—
$\overline{D}^0 K^+ K^-$	( 4.2 ± 1.9 ) × 10 <sup>-5</sup>	2242	—
$\overline{D}^0 \phi$	( 2.4 ± 0.7 ) × 10 <sup>-5</sup>	2235	—

$D^{\ast\mp}\pi^\pm$	$< 6.1 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	—
$J/\psi(1S)\phi$	$(1.07 \pm 0.09) \times 10^{-3}$		1588
$J/\psi(1S)\pi^0$	$< 1.2 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	1786
$J/\psi(1S)\eta$	$(4.0 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-4}$	S=1.3	1733
$J/\psi(1S)K_S^0$	$(1.87 \pm 0.17) \times 10^{-5}$		1743
$J/\psi(1S)K^*(892)^0$	$(4.4 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-5}$		1637
$J/\psi(1S)\eta'$	$(3.4 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-4}$		1612
$J/\psi(1S)\pi^+\pi^-$	$(2.12 \pm 0.19) \times 10^{-4}$		1775
$J/\psi(1S)f_0(980)$ , $f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	$(1.39 \pm 0.14) \times 10^{-4}$		—
$J/\psi(1S)f_0(1370)$ , $f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	$(3.9 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-5}$		—
$J/\psi(1S)f_2(1270)$ , $f_2 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	$(1.1 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-6}$		—
$J/\psi(1S)\pi^+\pi^-$ (nonresonant)	$(1.8 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-5}$		1775
$J/\psi(1S)K^+K^-$	$(7.9 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-4}$		1601
$J/\psi(1S)f'_2(1525)$	$(2.6 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-4}$		1304
$J/\psi(1S)p\bar{p}$	$< 4.8 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	982
$\psi(2S)\eta$	$(3.3 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-4}$		1338
$\psi(2S)\pi^+\pi^-$	$(7.2 \pm 1.2) \times 10^{-5}$		1397
$\psi(2S)\phi$	$(5.4 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-4}$		1120
$\chi_{c1}\phi$	$(2.02 \pm 0.30) \times 10^{-4}$		1274
$\pi^+\pi^-$	$(7.6 \pm 1.9) \times 10^{-7}$	S=1.4	2680
$\pi^0\pi^0$	$< 2.1 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2680
$\eta\pi^0$	$< 1.0 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2654
$\eta\eta$	$< 1.5 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	2627
$\rho^0\rho^0$	$< 3.20 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2569
$\phi\rho^0$	$< 6.17 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2526
$\phi\phi$	$(1.91 \pm 0.31) \times 10^{-5}$		2482
$\pi^+K^-$	$(5.5 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-6}$		2659
$K^+K^-$	$(2.49 \pm 0.17) \times 10^{-5}$		2638
$K^0\bar{K}^0$	$< 6.6 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	2637
$K^0\pi^+\pi^-$	$(1.9 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-5}$		2653
$K^0K^\pm\pi^\mp$	$(9.7 \pm 1.7) \times 10^{-5}$		2622
$K^0K^+K^-$	$< 4 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	2568
$\bar{K}^*(892)^0\rho^0$	$< 7.67 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	2550
$\bar{K}^*(892)^0K^*(892)^0$	$(2.8 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-5}$		2531
$\phi K^*(892)^0$	$(1.13 \pm 0.30) \times 10^{-6}$		2507
$p\bar{p}$	$(2.8 \pm 2.2) \times 10^{-8}$		2514
$\Lambda_c^-\Lambda\pi^+$	$(3.6 \pm 1.6) \times 10^{-4}$		—
$\gamma\gamma$	$B1$	$< 8.7 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
$\phi\gamma$		$(3.6 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-5}$	2587

**Lepton Family number (*LF*) violating modes or  
 $\Delta B = 1$  weak neutral current (*B1*) modes**

$\mu^+ \mu^-$	<i>B1</i>	$(3.1 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-9}$	2681
$e^+ e^-$	<i>B1</i>	$< 2.8 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90% 2683
$e^\pm \mu^\mp$	<i>LF</i>	$[b] < 1.1 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90% 2682
$\mu^+ \mu^- \mu^+ \mu^-$		$< 1.2 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90% 2673
$S P, S \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-, P \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$		$[c] < 1.2 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90% —
$\phi(1020) \mu^+ \mu^-$	<i>B1</i>	$(7.6 \pm 1.5) \times 10^{-7}$	2582
$\phi \nu \bar{\nu}$	<i>B1</i>	$< 5.4 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90% 2587

**$B_s^*$**

$$I(J^P) = 0(1^-)$$

*I, J, P* need confirmation. Quantum numbers shown are quark-model predictions.

Mass  $m = 5415.4^{+2.4}_{-2.1}$  MeV (S = 3.0)

$m_{B_s^*} - m_{B_s} = 48.7^{+2.3}_{-2.1}$  MeV (S = 2.8)

<b><math>B_s^*</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	<i>p</i> (MeV/c)
$B_s \gamma$	dominant	—

**$B_{s1}(5830)^0$**

$$I(J^P) = 0(1^+)$$

*I, J, P* need confirmation.

Mass  $m = 5828.7 \pm 0.4$  MeV (S = 1.2)

$m_{B_{s1}^0} - m_{B^{*+}} = 504.41 \pm 0.25$  MeV

<b><math>B_{s1}(5830)^0</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	<i>p</i> (MeV/c)
$B^{*+} K^-$	dominant	—

**$B_{s2}^*(5840)^0$**

$$I(J^P) = 0(2^+)$$

*I, J, P* need confirmation.

Mass  $m = 5839.96 \pm 0.20$  MeV

$m_{B_{s2}^{*0}} - m_{B_{s1}^0} = 10.5 \pm 0.6$  MeV

Full width  $\Gamma = 1.6 \pm 0.5$  MeV

<b><math>B_{s2}^*(5840)^0</math> DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	<i>p</i> (MeV/c)
$B^+ K^-$	dominant	253

## NOTES

- [a] Not a pure measurement. See note at head of  $B_s^0$  Decay Modes.
- [b] The value is for the sum of the charge states or particle/antiparticle states indicated.
- [c] Here  $S$  and  $P$  are the hypothetical scalar and pseudoscalar particles with masses of 2.5 GeV/c<sup>2</sup> and 214.3 MeV/c<sup>2</sup>, respectively.